Structured Query Language

We will use this book table in the examples that follow.

BookID	Title	Author	YearPublished	Publisher	Genre
1	Fantastic Beasts	JK Rowling	2001	Bloomsbury	Fantasy
2	Chamber of Secrets	JK Rowling	1998	Bloomsbury	Fantasy
3	Order of the Phoenix	JK Rowling	2003	Bloomsbury	Fantasy
4	The BFG	Roald Dahl	1982	Penguin	Fantasy
5	Going Solo	Roald Dahl	1986	Jonathan Cape	Autobiography
6	Danny Champion	Roald Dahl	1975	Jonathan Cape	Children
7	War Horse	Michael Morpurgo	1982	Kaye & Ward	Historical fiction
8	Private Peaceful	Michael Morpurgo	2003	HarperCollins	Historical fiction

Select - To retrieve data from the table

To retrieve all records data from the table we can use the SELECT statement with the wild card operator *.

SELECT *
FROM tableName

EXAMPLE

SELECT *
FROM book

Retrieved data

1	Fantastic Beasts	JK Rowling	2001	Bloomsbury	Fantasy
2	Chamber of Secrets	JK Rowling	1998	Bloomsbury	Fantasy
3	Order of the Phoenix	JK Rowling	2003	Bloomsbury	Fantasy
4	The BFG	Roald Dahl	1982	Penguin	Fantasy
5	Going Solo	Roald Dahl	1986	Jonathan Cape	Autobiography
6	Danny Champion	Roald Dahl	1975	Jonathan Cape	Children
7	War Horse	Michael Morpurgo	1982	Kaye & Ward	Historical fiction
8	Private Peaceful	Michael Morpurgo	2003	HarperCollins	Historical fiction

We can also choose the fields that we wish to retrieve:

SELECT field1, field2, ... FROM tableName

EXAMPLE

SELECT Author, Title FROM book

Fantastic Beasts and Where to Find Them	JK Rowling
Harry Potter and the Chamber of Secrets	JK Rowling
Harry Potter and Order of the Phoenix	JK Rowling
The BFG	Roald Dahl
Going Solo	Roald Dahl
Danny Champion of the World	Roald Dahl
War Horse	Michael Morpurgo
Private Peaceful	Michael Morpurgo

We can sort the output of our SELECT statement by using the ORDER BY clause. ASC and DESC refer to sorting ascending and descending alphabetically or numerically of a specified field.

ORDER BY fieldname ASC|DESC

EXAMPLE SORT ASCENDING
SELECT Author, Title
FROM book
ORDER BY Title ASC

Danny Champion of the World	Roald Dahl
Fantastic Beasts and Where to Find Them	JK Rowling
Going Solo	Roald Dahl
Harry Potter and the Chamber of Secrets	JK Rowling
Harry Potter and Order of the Phoenix	JK Rowling
Private Peaceful	Michael Morpurgo
The BFG	Roald Dahl
War Horse	Michael Morpurgo

EXAMPLE SORT DESCENDING

SELECT Author, Title FROM book ORDER BY Title DESC

War Horse	Michael Morpurgo
The BFG	Roald Dahl
Private Peaceful	Michael Morpurgo
Harry Potter and Order of the Phoenix	JK Rowling
Harry Potter and the Chamber of Secrets	JK Rowling
Going Solo	Roald Dahl
Fantastic Beasts and Where to Find Them	JK Rowling
Danny Champion of the World	Roald Dahl

WHERE CLAUSE

We can filter our selection using the WHERE clause

WHERE fieldname operator value

Operator	Description
=	Value equal to
!=	Value not equal to
<	Value less than
>	Value greater than
<=	Value less than or equal to
>=	Value greater than or equal to

SELECT USING WHERE CLAUSE

EXAMPLE 1 - SELECT BOOKS WRITTEN SINCE 2000

SELECT Title, Author, yearPublished FROM book
WHERE YearPublished > 2000

Fantastic Beasts	JK Rowling	2001
Harry Potter	JK Rowling	2003
Private Peaceful	Michael Morpurgo	2003

EXAMPLE 2 - SELECT BOOKS WRITTEN BY MICHAEL MORPURGO

SELECT Title, Author FROM book WHERE Author = "Michael Morpurgo"

War Horse	Michael Morpurgo		
Private Peaceful	Michael Morpurgo		

Notice how the author name is in speech marks because it is a string datatype.

EXAMPLE 3 — SELECT BY DATE

WHERE Date < DATE("2010-01-01")

BOOLEAN OPERATORS

We can use Boolean and relational operators with the WHERE clause if we have multiple conditions that need to be met.

Operator	Description
OR	Allows us to combine multiple conditions. Any of the conditions can be true for the overall expression to return true
AND	Allows us to combine multiple conditions. All conditions need to be true for the overall expression to return true
NOT	Reverses the value of a condition. If it is true it will be false and vice versa

EXAMPLE - SELECT ALL BOOKS WRITTEN BY MICHAEL MORPURGO SINCE 2016

SELECT Title, Author FROM book WHERE Author="Michael Morpurgo" AND YearPublished > 2000

Private Peaceful	Michael Morpurgo

Update - To update records in a database

To make changes to a record that is already in a table we can use the <code>UPDATE</code> statement.

EXAMPLE 1: Update the book table to change the genre of all fields to Children

UPDATE book SET Genre="Children"

EXAMPLE 2: Update the book table to change the author name from JK Rowling to Joanne Rowling.

UPDATE book SET Author="Joanne Rowling" WHERE Author="JK Rowling"

Book ID	Title	Author	Year Published	Publisher	Genre
1	Fantastic Beasts .	Joanne Rowling	2001	Bloomsbury	Children
2	Harry Potter	Joanne Rowling	1998	Bloomsbury	Children
3	Harry Potter	Joanne Rowling	2003	Bloomsbury	Children
4	The BFG	Roald Dahl	1982	Penguin	Children
5	Going Solo	Roald Dahl	1986	Jonathan Cape	Children
6	Danny .	Roald Dahl	1975	Jonathan Cape	Children
7	War Horse	Michael Morpurgo	1982	Kaye & Ward	Children
8	Private Peaceful	Michael Morpurgo	2003	HarperCollins	Children

INSERT INTO - Adding new records

INSERT INTO is a commonly used command in SQL for adding new records to database tables. To insert all attributes for a table

```
INSERT INTO table
VALUES(value1, value2,...)
```

EXAMPLE

INSERT INTO book
VALUES ('Boy', 'Roald Dahl', 1984, 'Penguin', 'Autobiography')

Sometimes we do not enter data into every field. Instead we can explicitly state which fields we would like to add the data to.

```
INSERT INTO table (field1, field2,...)
VALUES(value1, value2,...)
```

The values correspond to the fields in the table i.e.:

- ✓ Field 1: Book ID
- ✓ Field 2: Title
- ✓ Field 3: Author
- ✓ Field 4: YearPublished
- ✓ Field 5: Publisher
- √ Field 6: Genre

EXAMPLE

INSERT INTO book (Title, Author, YearPublished, Publisher, Genre) VALUES ('Boy', 'Roald Dahl', 1984, 'Penquin', 'Autobiography')

Deleting records

To delete a record we specify which record(s) from which table we wish to remove.

DELETE FROM table WHERE condition

EXAMPLES

Remove all books

DELETE FROM book

DELETE * FROM book

The WHERE clause is used to filter records so that we do not apply a statement to a whole table.

Remove all books written by JK Rowling:

DELETE FROM book WHERE Author='JK Rowling'

Remove all books written by Michael Morpurgo and written before 2000

DELETE FROM book WHERE Author='Michael Morpurgo' AND YearPublished < 2000

Select Attributes from multiple tables

We will use the following database table as an example case study.

Primary key Author Table AuthorID FirstName Surname LiteraryAgent 1 Joanne Rowling Neil Blair 2 Roald Dahl David Higham Associates 3 Michael Morpurgo David Higham Associates

Foreign key

Book Table

BookID	AuthorID	Title	Surname	YearPublished	Publisher
1	1	Fantastic Beasts and Where to Find Them	2001	Bloomsbury	Fantasy
2	1	Harry Potter and the Chamber of Secrets	1998	Bloomsbury	Fantasy
3	1	Harry Potter and Order of the Phoenix	203	Bloomsbury	Fantasy
4	2	The BFG	1982	Penguin	Fantasy
5	2	Going Solo	1986	Jonathan Cape	Autobiography
6	2	Danny Champion of the World	1975	Jonathan Cape	Children
7	3	War Horse	1982	Kaye & Ward	Historical fiction
8	3	Private Peaceful	2003	HarperCollins	Historical fiction

We need to specify that we only wish to select the records where the primary key and foreign key match.

EXAMPLES

Retrieve data book title and author surname

SELECT book.Title, author.Surname FROM author, book WHERE author.AuthorID=book.AuthorID

Fantastic Beasts and Where to Find Them	JK Rowling
Harry Potter and the Chamber of Secrets	JK Rowling
Harry Potter and Order of the Phoenix	JK Rowling
The BFG	Roald Dahl
Going Solo	Roald Dahl
Danny Champion of the World	Roald Dahl
War Horse	Michael Morpurgo
Private Peaceful	Michael Morpurgo

Retrieve book title and author surname where genre is fantasy

SELECT book.title, author.surname FROM author, book WHERE author.AuthorID=book.AuthorID AND book.Genre="Fantasy"

Fantastic Bea	sts and Where to Find Them	JK Rowling
Harry Potter	and the Chamber of Secrets	JK Rowling
Harry Potter	and Order of the Phoenix	JK Rowling
The BFG		Roald Dahl

Retrieve book title and author surname where genre is fantasy and sort in descending order Title

SELECT book.title, author.surname FROM author, book WHERE author.AuthorID=book.AuthorID AND book.Genre="Fantasy" ORDER BY title DESC

The BFG	Roald Dahl
Harry Potter and Order of the Phoenix	JK Rowling
Harry Potter and the Chamber of Secrets	JK Rowling
Fantastic Beasts and Where to Find Them	JK Rowling